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COVID-19 Update

February 15, 2022 11:00 a.m. CST

Agenda

- Welcome and Overview Commissioner
- Public Health Updates Dr. Alice Sato
- Supply Chain Assistance Funds- Kayte Partch
- Question and Answer



Public Health Updates

Dr. Alice Sato, MD, PhD

- Assistant Professor, Division of Pediatric Infectious Diseases
- Associate Hospital Epidemiologist for Children's Hospital and Medical Center
- Member, Pediatric Infectious Disease Society





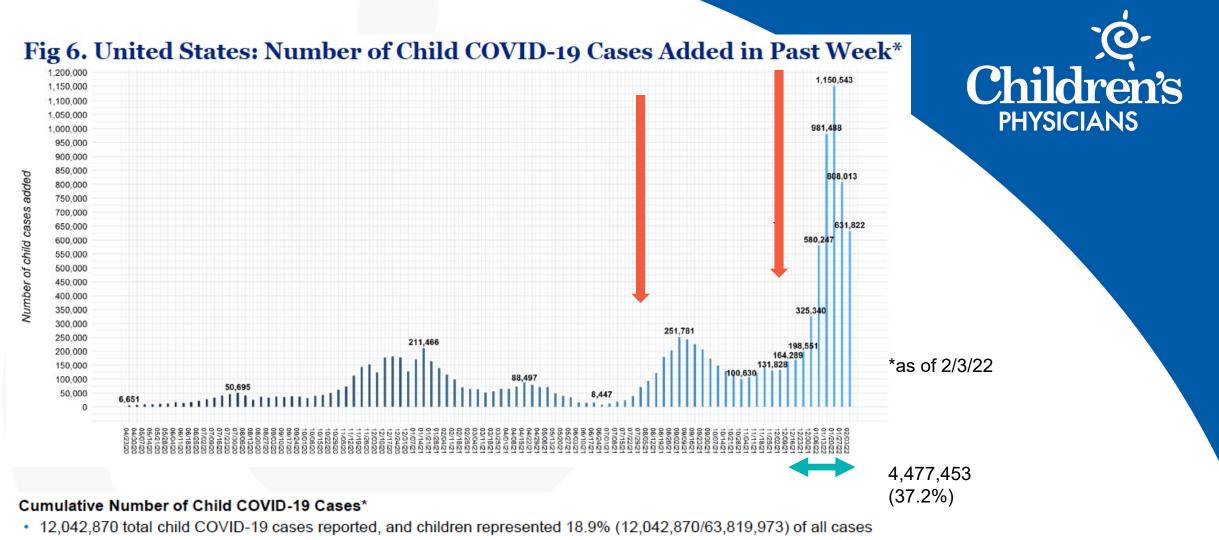


Pediatric COVID-19 Update

Alice Sato, MD PhD (she/her) Hospital Epidemiologist, CHMC Assistant Professor, Pediatric Infectious Disease, UNMC February 15, 2022







Overall rate: 16,000 cases per 100,000 children in the population

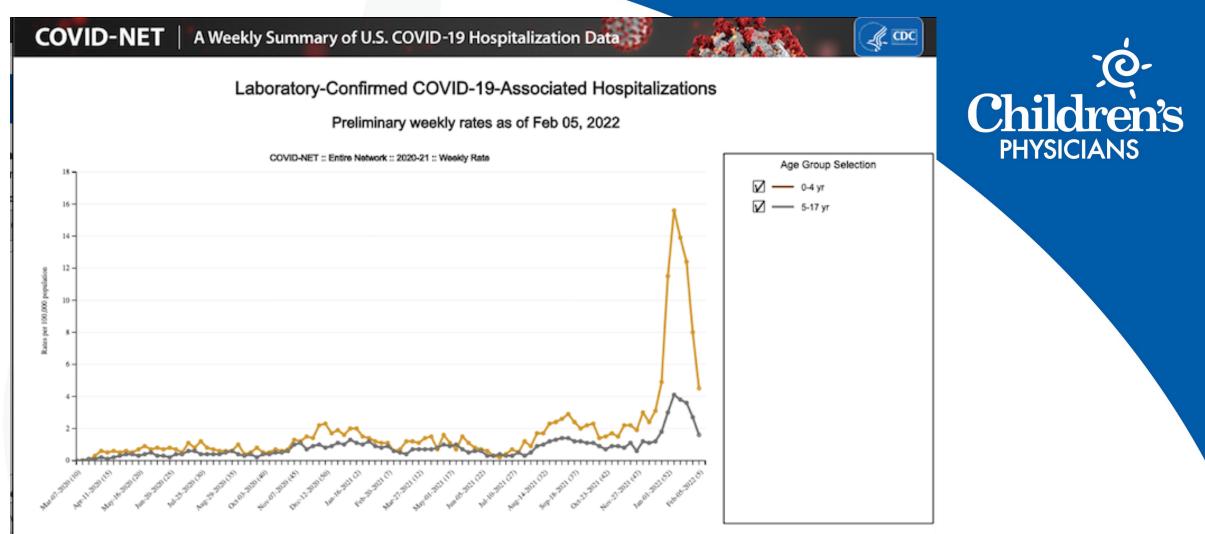
CHILDREN'S

HOSPITAL

American Academy of Pediatrics

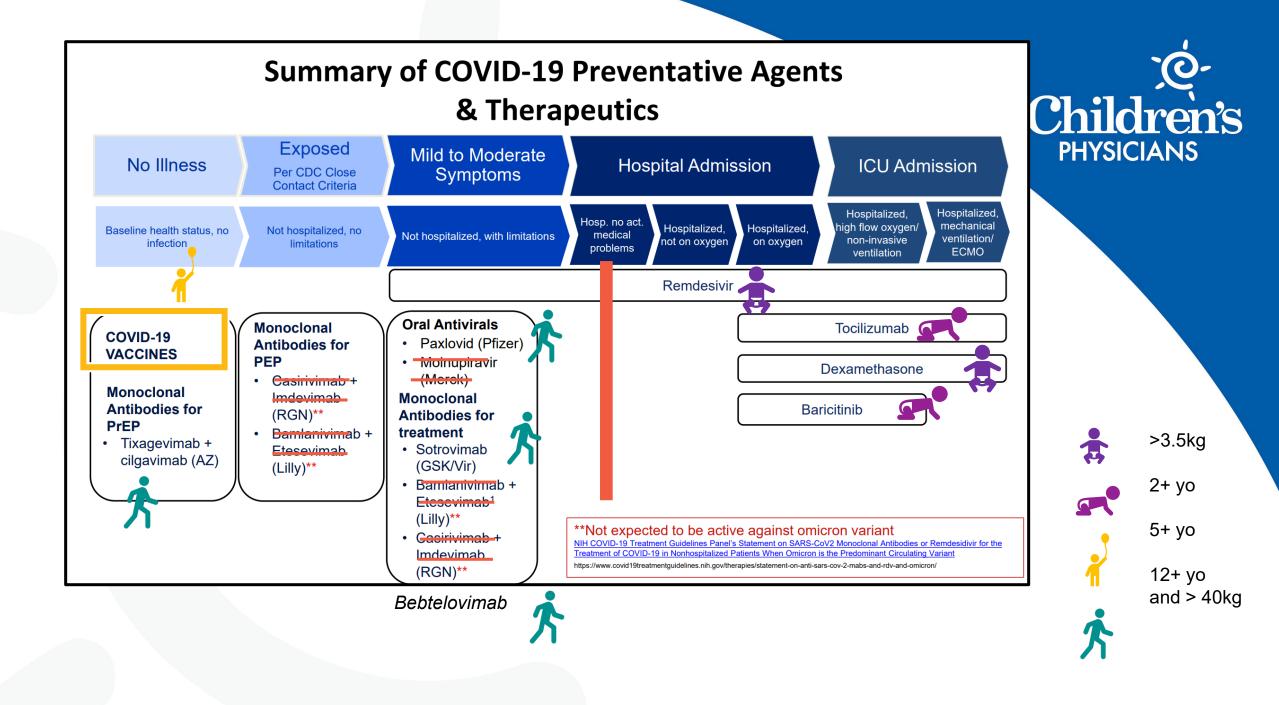
DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN®

AAP/CHA



Calendar Week Ending (MMWR Week No.)

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)-Associated Hospitalization Surveillance Network (COVID-NET) conducts population-based surveillance for laboratory-confirmed COVID-19-associated hospitalizations in children (persons younger than 18 years) and adults. The current network covers nearly 100 counties in the 10 Emerging Infections Program (EIP) states (CA, CO, CT, GA, MD, MN, NM, NY, OR, and TN) and four additional states through the Influenza Hospitalization Surveillance Project (IA, MI, OH, and UT). The network represents approximately 10% of US population (~32 million people). Cases are identified by reviewing hospital, laboratory, and admission databases and infection control logs for patients hospitalized with a documented positive SARS-CoV-2 test. Data gathered are used to estimate age-specific hospitalization rates on a weekly basis and describe characteristics of persons hospitalized with COVID-19. Laboratory confirmation is dependent on clinician-ordered SARS-CoV-2 testing. Therefore, the unadjusted rates provided are likely to be underestimated as COVID-19-associated hospitalizations can be missed due to test availability and provider or facility testing practices. COVID-NET hospitalization data are preliminary and subject to change as more data become available. In particular, case counts and rates for recent hospital admissions are subject to lag. As data are received each week, prior case counts and rates are updated accordingly. All incidence rates are unadjusted. Please use the following citation when referencing these data: "COVID-NET: COVID-19-Associated Hospitalization Surveillance Network, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. WEBSITE. Accessed on DATE".



*2021

In December, compared to fully vaccinated persons in each group shown below, the monthly rates of COVID-19-associated hospitalizations were:

16X Higher in Unvaccinated Adults Ages 18 Years and Older

9X Higher

Adolescents Ages 12–17 Years **12x** Higher

Ages 18–49 years

17x Higher

in Unvaccinated Adults Ages 50-64 years 17x Higher

Children's

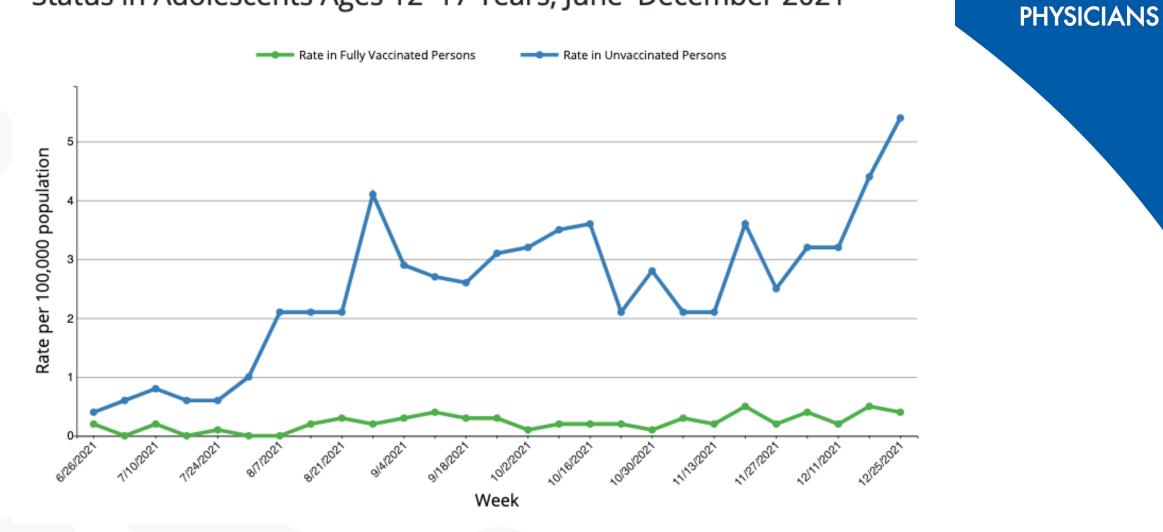
PHYSICIANS

in Unvaccinated Adults Ages 65 Years and Older

For more information about COVID-NET, please see

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/covid-data/covid-net/purpose-methods.html

Rates of COVID-19-Associated Hospitalizations by Vaccination Status in Adolescents Ages 12–17 Years, June–December 2021

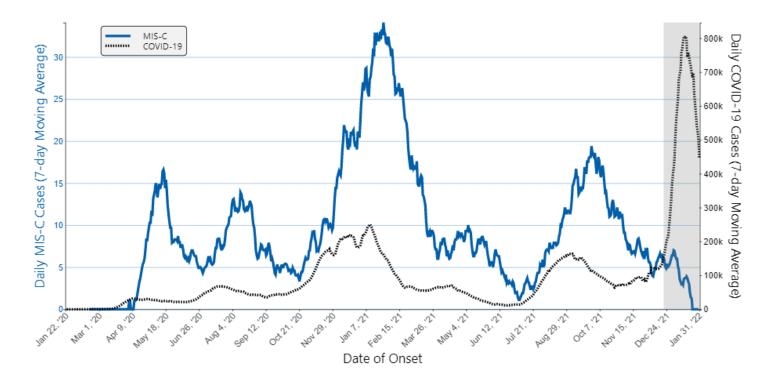


Children's





Daily MIS-C Cases and COVID-19 Cases Reported to CDC (7-Day Moving Average)



MIS-C



Last updated with cases reported to CDC on or before January 31, 2022*

TOTAL MIS-C PATIENTS MEETING CASE DEFINITION* 7,142

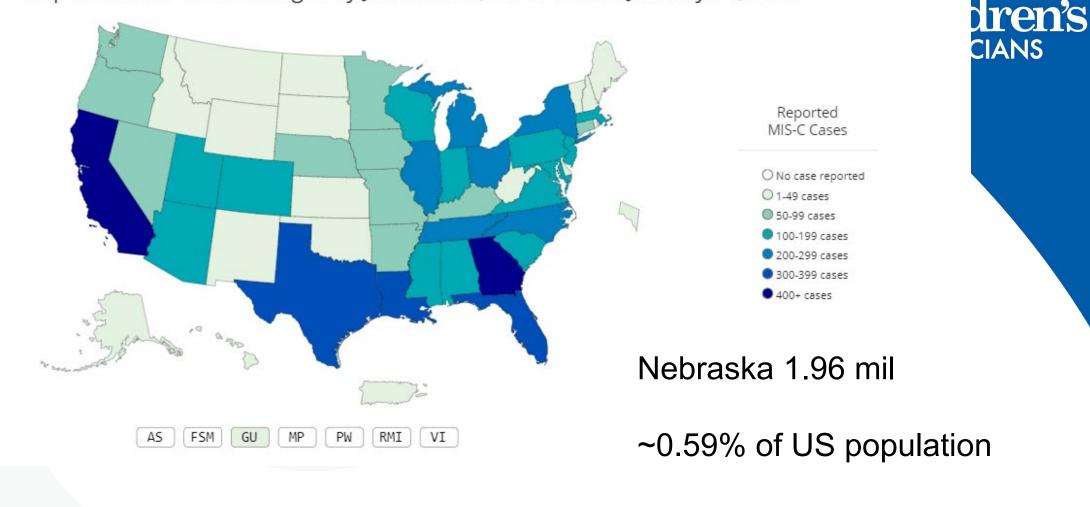
TOTAL MIS-C DEATHS MEETING CASE DEFINITION 59

*Additional patients are under investigation. After review of additional clinical data, patients may be excluded if there are alternative diagnoses that explained their illness.

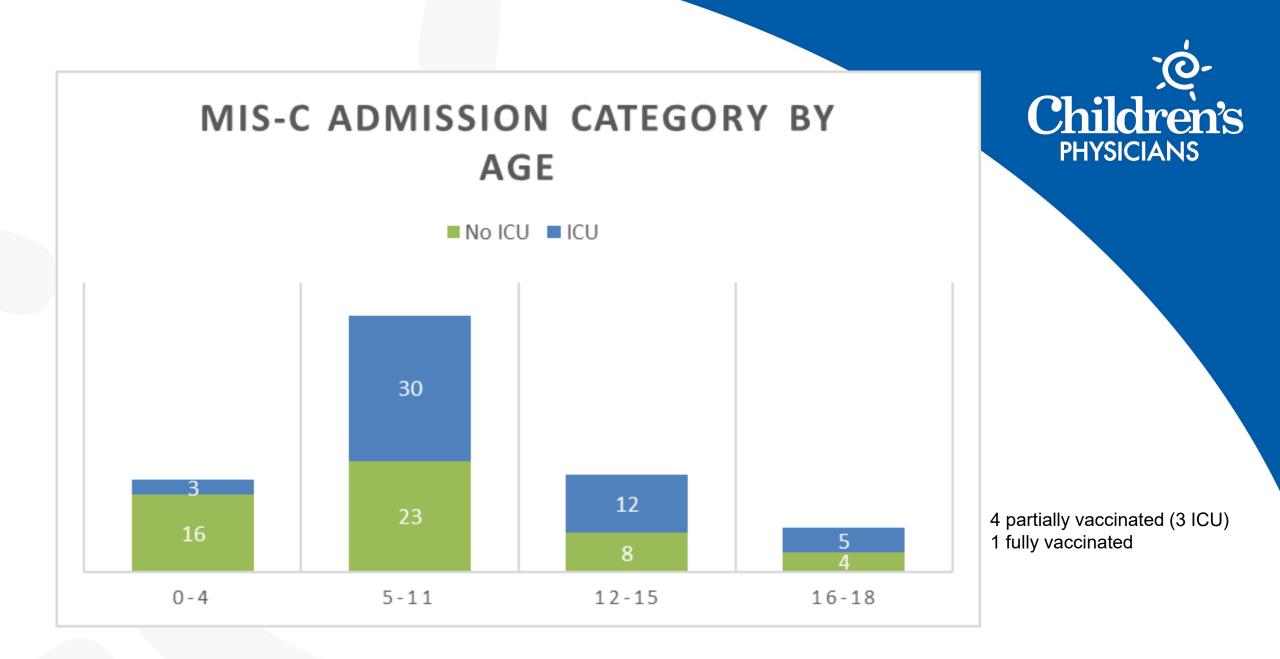
- 7,142 cases (59 deaths) reported to CDC as of 1/31/22
- Incidence estimated 1/3,200 infections in children
- (accounts for underdiagnosis of infection; 7142/12mil ~ 1 per 1686)

https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#mis-national-surveillance

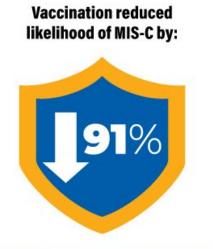
Reported MIS-C Case Ranges by Jurisdiction, on or before January 31, 2022*

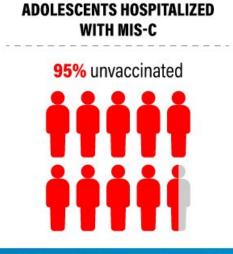


~1.4% of cases reported



COVID-19 vaccination protects against multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children (MIS-C) among 12–18 year-olds hospitalized during July–December 2021





No vaccinated MIS-C patients required life support



COVID-19 VACCINATION IS THE BEST PROTECTION AGAINST MIS-C

* Case-control study, 238 patients in 24 pediatric hospitals—20 U.S. states † 2 doses of Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine received ≥28 days before hospital admission

bit.ly/MMWR7102



Children's

PHYSICIANS



Vaccine related myocarditis

Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS): Reporting rates (per 1 million doses administered) of myocarditis after mRNA COVID-19 vaccines, 7-day risk period

 Reporting rates exceed background incidence*

| | Pfizer | | Pfizer | |
|-------|---------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | (Males) | | (Females) | |
| Ages | Dose 1 | Dose 2 | Dose 1 | Dose 2 |
| 12-15 | 4.2 | 39.9 | 0.4 | 3.9 |
| 16-17 | 5.7 | 69.1 | 0.0 | 7.9 |
| 18-24 | 2.3 | 36.8 | 0.2 | 2.5 |
| 25-29 | 1.3 | 10.8 | 0.2 | 1.2 |
| 30-39 | 0.5 | 5.2 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| 40-49 | 0.3 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 1.1 |
| 50-64 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| 65+ | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 |

Highest in 16-17y males

69.1/million = <mark>1 in 14,472</mark>



* An estimated 1–10 cases of myocarditis per 100,000 person years occurs among people in the United States, regardless of vaccination status; adjusted for the 7day risk period, this estimated background is 0.2 to 1.9 per 1 million person 7-day risk period



COVID-19 myocarditis among pediatric patients

0.02% = <mark>1 in 5,000</mark>

| Cosmes | | Myocarditis Diagnosed (%) | Myocarditis NOT Diagnosed (%) |
|--------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | COVID-19 (without MIS-C) | 78 (0.02%) | 356,721 (99.98%) |
| | MIS-C | 203 (8.10%) | 2303 (91.90%) |

0.08% = <mark>1 in 1,250</mark>

| CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION | | Myocarditis Diagnosed (%) | Myocarditis NOT Diagnosed (%) |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | COVID-19 (without MIS-C) | 20 (0.08%) | 24,144 (99.92%) |
| | MIS-C | 172 (9.04%) | 1730 (90.96%) |



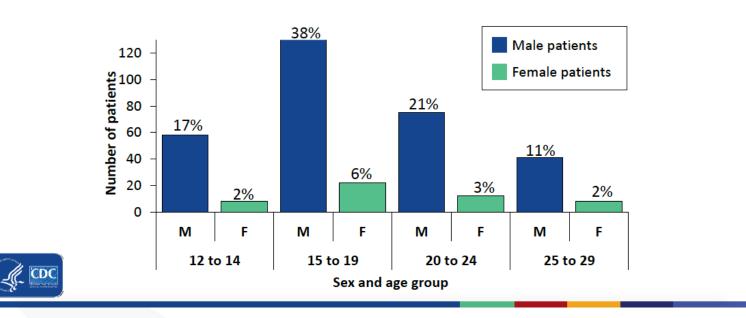
https://www.childrenshospitals.org/phis

ACIP Presentation Slides: February 4, 2022 Meeting VAERS/MOVING



Most patients diagnosed with myocarditis were young males

- Median patient age was 18 years (IQR: 15–22);
- Of the 360 patients 90 days post myocarditis diagnosis, 86% (308) were male



• No known deaths

7

ACIP Presentation Slides: February 4, 2022 Meeting VSD data



Summary

- Among 18–39-year-olds, both mRNA vaccines were associated with increased risk of myocarditis and pericarditis in the 0-7 days post-vaccination, particularly after dose 2
 - We estimated 22.4 excess cases per million second doses after Pfizer and 31.2 excess cases per million second doses after Moderna
- Among 18–39-year-olds, there were no noticeable clinical differences between cases after Moderna and those after Pfizer
 - Most had hospital length of stay of 0-1 days
 - None were admitted to the ICU

No significant adverse event data added as of mid January 2022 (~ 8 million fully vaccinated age 5-11)





8.7 million* COVID-19 vaccinations have been given to children ages 5-11 years old

Health check-ins to v-safe completed for over 42,000 children after vaccination⁺

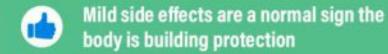
Side effects were common but mild and brief⁶



Pain where shot was given

Fatigue

Headache





Few myocarditis cases have been reported



Vaccination is the best way to protect children from COVID-19 complications

* As of December 19, 2021 † V-safe, a voluntary smartphone vaccine safety monitoring system * After the 2nd dose, about 2/3 children had a local reaction such as arm pair; 1/3 had a reaction beyond the injection site

bit.ly/MMWR705152a1



https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm705152a1.htm



Other vaccine news this week

Babies born to vaccinated women have **higher levels** of antibodies that **last longer** than babies born to women who were infected

 At 6 months, 57% (16 of 28) of infants born to vaccinated mothers had detectable antibodies (<u>Table</u>) compared with 8% (1 of 12) of infants born to infected mothers (*P* = .005)



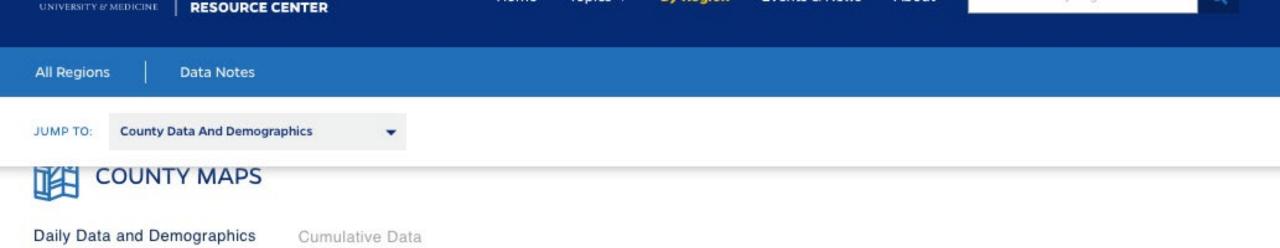
February 7, 2022

Durability of Anti-Spike Antibodies in Infants After Maternal COVID-19 Vaccination or Natural Infection

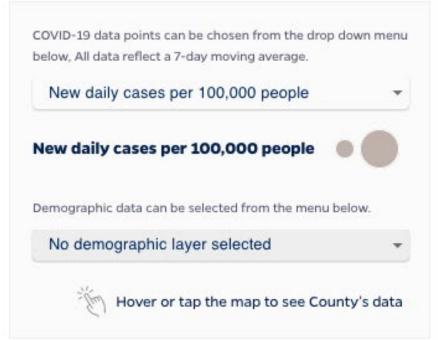
Lydia L. Shook, MD¹; Caroline G. Atyeo, BS²; Lael M. Yonker, MD³; et al

» Author Affiliations | Article Information

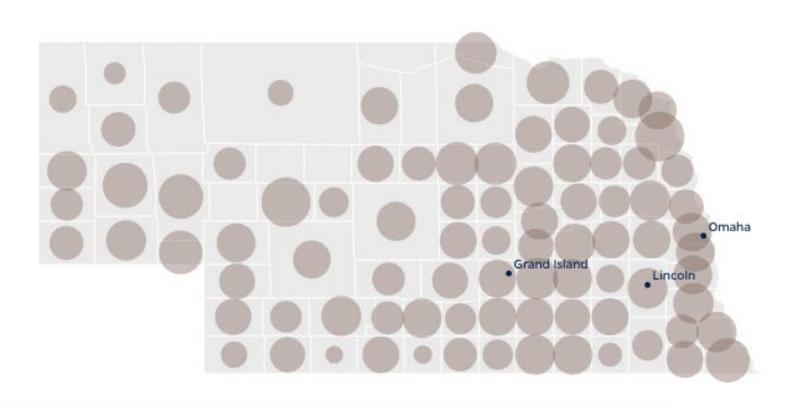
JAMA. Published online February 7, 2022. doi:10.1001/jama.2022.1206

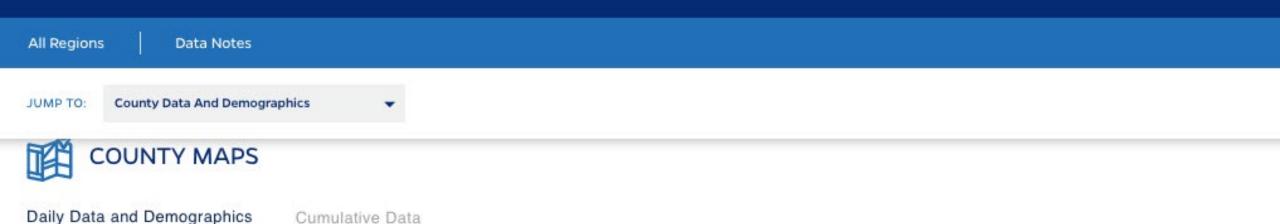


This tool shows key county-level COVID-19 case and testing data with the option to overlay it against demographic information—including race/ethnicity and poverty rates.

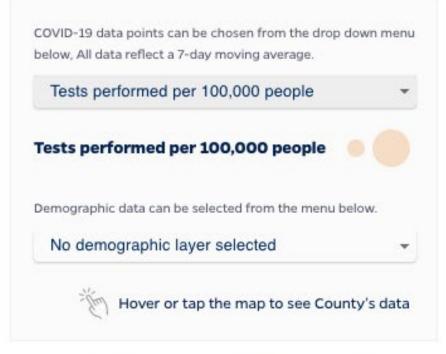


Data Sources: County testing data from JHU CCI; cases and deaths data from JHU CSSE; demographic data from American Community Survey

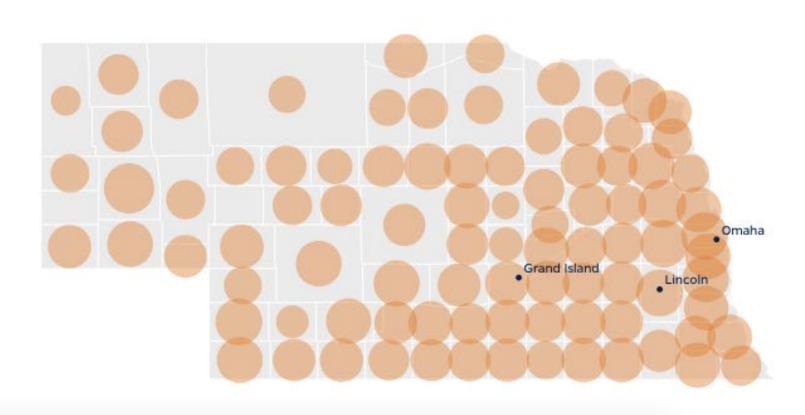




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Data Sources: County testing data from JHU CCI; cases and deaths data from JHU CSSE; demographic data from American Community Survey





119,719

kids fully vaccinated



20.7% of kids K-6 grade fully vaccinated

51.9% of kids 7-12 grade fully vaccinated

Goal = increase # kids' vaccinations/month

Fully Vaccinated Baseline Numbers by Age: Total K-12: 82,321 | Ages K-6: 2.8% | Ages 7-12: 48.7%

Provider Supported

222

health care providers signed Statement of Support



16 communities represented by Statement of Support

Goal = grow support statewide/month Message Maximized

340,453

Media/press impressions



\$41,953 earned media/press value

Goal = increase impressions/month

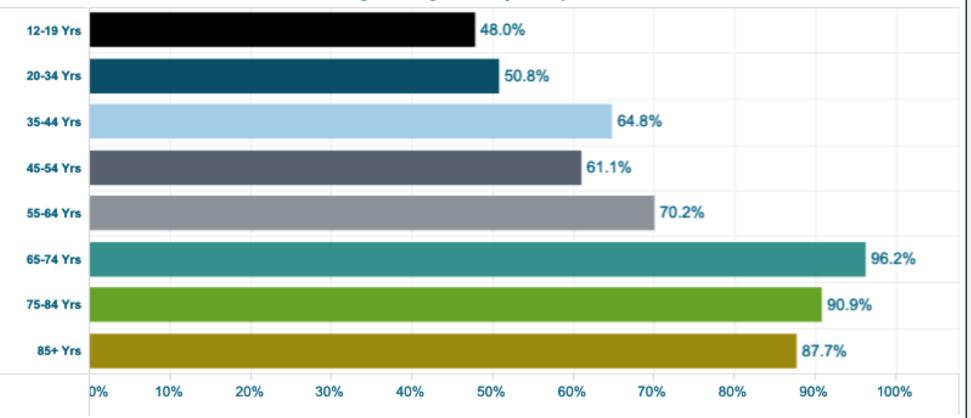


Amplifying the power against COVID-19 through vaccination for kids!

Nebraska DHHS data November 2021

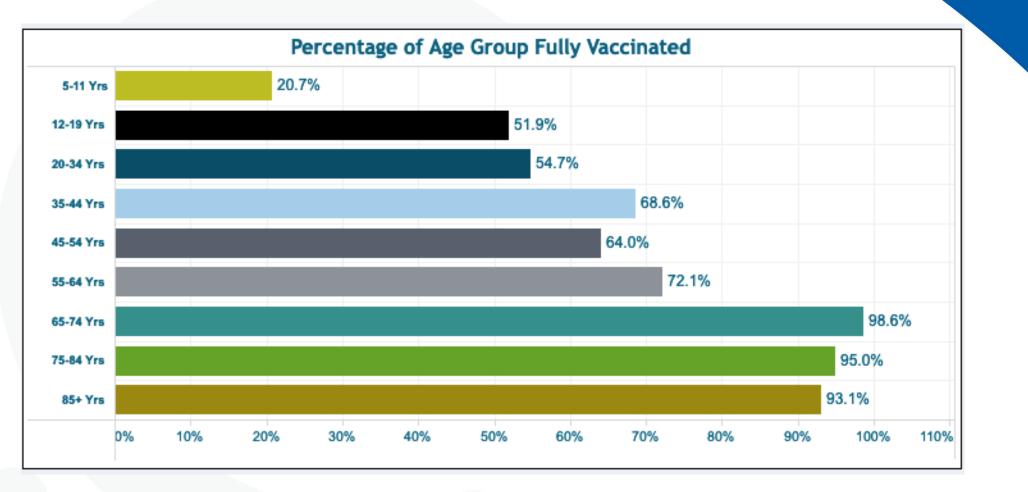


Percentage of Age Group Fully Vaccinated



Nebraska DHHS data February 14, 2022





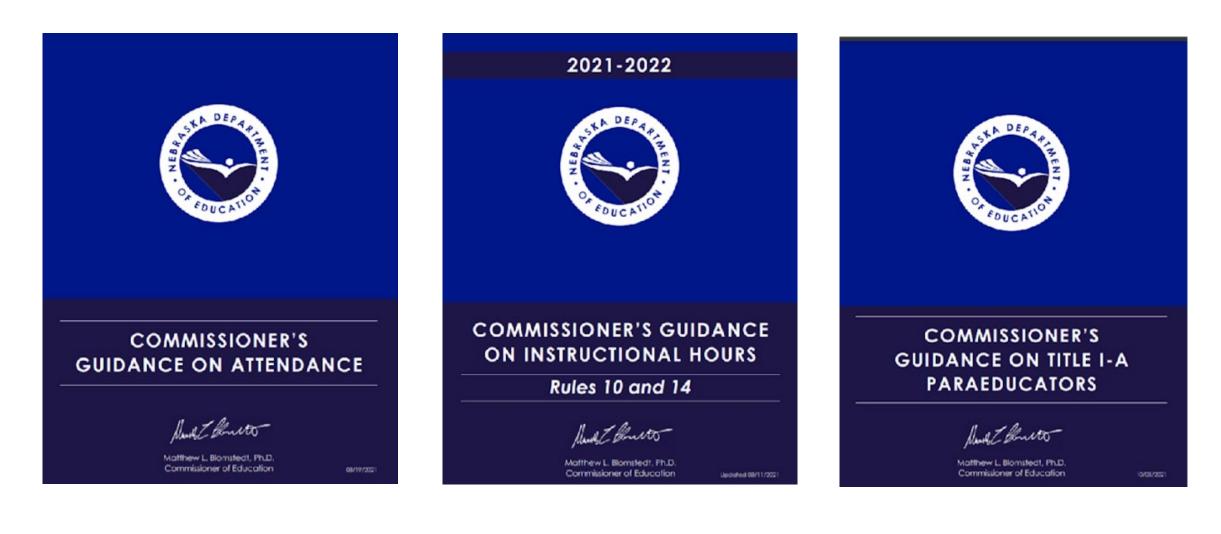


- Downloadable Handout available in 4 languages
- Online Toolkit expanding soon
- New videos being added every week
- Statewide digital media campaign estimated to achieve over 29 million impressions, driving traffic to MaxTheVaxNE.org
- Follow and share MaxTheVaxNE on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram

Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds

- Additional funding for unprocessed and minimally processed domestic foods used in school meals
- \$5,000 base payment + additional based on student enrollment
- Informational webinar February 23 @ 2:30 p.m. (CST)
- Complete survey to opt in to SCA funds
- For more information, contact Kayte Partch at kayte.partch@nebraska.gov

Reminder of Flexibilities





Tuesday, March 1, 2022 at 11 a.m. CST

Submit Topics/Questions: https://forms.gle/op7ZRq3h3CmFz3hs7

